**Python – Full Stack Assignment**

**Module 1 – Overview of IT Industry :-**

**What is a Program?**

* **Explain in your own words what a program is and how it functions.**

A program is a set of instructions that computer follows to perform a specific task. Programs can be simple , like adding two number together etc. program can written in programming language like c,c++,python, java etc.

**What is a Programming?**

* **What are the key steps involved in the programming process?**

First is to define the problem and identify the objectives. Then Planning the solution. Then coding the program. Then last is Testing the program and Documenting the program. There are all key steps in the programming process.

**Types of Programming Languages :-**

* **What are the main differences between high-level and low-level programming languages?**

High level language is easy to learn and use. It can be portable because that languages can run on different computer system. Examples like python, java , c ,etc. While low level languages are Machine-dependent and difficult to debug. And there is direct hardware control in low level language. Examples like Assembly language, Machine code.

**World Wide Web & How Internet Works:-**

* **Describe the roles of the client and server in web communication.**

In web communication, a client is the device that asked a request for information or services from a server which is the computer that stores and provides the requested data or service.

**Network Layers on Client and Server:-**

* **Explain the function of the TCP/IP model and its layers.**

The main work of TCP/IP is to transfer the data of a computer from one device to another. The main condition of this process is to make data reliable and accurate. Here are four layers of the TCP/IP model: network access, internet, transport, and application.

**Client and Servers :-**

* **Explain Client Server Communication**

Client-server communication is a model where a client sends a request to a server, and the server responds with a result. A client sends a request to a server over a network. The server processes the request and The server performs the required action, such as retrieving data or running a program. The server sends a response back to the client.

**Types of Internet Connections :-**

* **How does broadband differ from fiber-optic internet?**

Fiber optic internet is a type of broadband that uses glass or plastic cables to transmit data as light, making it faster and more reliable than traditional broadband while broadband Uses a variety of technologies, including DSL, cable, and satellite, to transmit data.

**Protocols :-**

* **What are the differences between HTTP and HTTPS protocols?**

HTTP with an encryption is the HTTPS.  The primary distinction between these two names is that HTTPS is more secure than HTTP .The main difference between these two terms are that HTTPS makes use of TLS (SSL) encryption for even normal HTTP requests and responses.

**Application Security :-**

* **What is the role of encryption in securing applications?**

Encryption plays a critical role in securing applications by transforming sensitive data into an unreadable format, ensuring that only authorized users with the correct ecryption key can access it, thus protecting confidential information from unauthorized access can secure them.

**Software Applications and Its Types :-**

* **What is the difference between system software and application software?**

System software manages a computer's hardware and resources such as memory, processors, and devices and Provides a platform for running application software. While application software helps users perform specific tasks. such as word processing, data analysis, and multimedia management.

**Software Architecture:-**

* **What is the significance of modularity in software architecture?**

Modularity is important in software architecture because it makes code easier to understand, test, and maintain. It can easier to identify and fix bugs because each module is isolated. Modules can be reused in different systems without modification.

**Layers in Software Architecture :-**

* **Why are layers important in software architecture?**

Layers are crucial in software architecture because they promote modularity, separation of concerns, and maintainability by dividing an application into distinct functional units, allowing developers to work on specific parts of the system independently, making it easier to understand.

**Software Environments :-**

* **Explain the importance of a development environment in software production.**

A development environment is important in software production because it allows developers to test and refine code before releasing it to users. It helps ensure that the software is high quality and meets user expectations.

**Source Code :-**

* **What is the difference between source code and machine code?**

Source code is the human-readable code written by a programmer using a programming language, while machine code is the low-level binary code that a computer's CPU can directly understand and execute.

**Github and Introductions :-**

* **Why is version control important in software development?**

Version control is important in software development because it allows developers to manage and track changes to code, and collaborate on projects simultaneously.

**Student Account in Github:-**

* **What are the benefits of using Github for students?**

GitHub can help students learn to code, collaborate, and build projects. The GitHub Student Developer Pack gives students access to free tools and services.  GitHub allows students to collaborate with others on public and private repositories.

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**Types of Software:-**

* **What are the differences between open-source and proprietary software?**

Open-source software is computer software whose source code is available openly on the internet and programmers can modify it to add new features and capabilities without any cost. While Proprietary software is computer software where the source codes are publicly not available only the company which has created can modify it.

**GIT and GITHUB Training:-**

* **How does GIT improve collaboration in a software development team?3**

Git enhances collaboration in a software development team by enabling parallel development through its branching system, allowing multiple developers to work on different features simultaneously without overwriting each other's changes, while providing a central repository to track and merge code changes effectively, facilitating communication and feedback through pull requests.

**Application Software:-**

* **What is the role of application software in businesses?**

Application software plays a crucial role in business by enabling efficient management of operations, facilitating data organization, automating tasks and supporting decision-making across various departments . Storing, retrieving, and manipulating critical business data. Because of this applicationsoftware plays a important role in business.

**Software Development Process:-**

* **What are the main stages of the software development process?**

The main stages of the software development process are planning, design, development, testing, deployment, and maintenance. This process is also known as the Software Development Life Cycle (SDLC).

**Software Requirement:-**

* **Why is the requirement analysis phase critical in software development?**

The requirement analysis phase is critical in software development because it lays the foundation for the entire project by ensuring all stakeholders have a clear understanding of what needs to be built, minimizing the risk of miscommunication, delays, and cost overruns by defining precise and measurable requirements before development begins.

**Software Analysis:-**

* **What is the role of software analysis in the development process?**

Software analysis plays a crucial role in the development process by thoroughly examining and documenting the requirements of a software system, ensuring that the final product meets the needs of stakeholders by identifying potential issues early on, and providing a solid foundation for design and implementation phases, ultimately leading to a more efficient and reliable software product.

**System Design:-**

* **What are the key elements of system design?**

The process of specifying a computer system’s architecture, components, modules, interfaces, and data is known as System Design. It involves looking at the system’s requirements, determining its assumptions and limitations, and defining its high-level structure and components.

**Software Testing:-**

* **Why is software testing important?**

Software testing is important because it helps ensure that software is high quality, secure, and performs as expected. It also helps identify and fix bugs early in the development process.

**Maintenance :-**

* **What types of software maintenance are there?**

There are four type of maintenance. (1) Corrective Software Maintenance. Corrective software maintenance is the typical, classic form of maintenance (for software and anything else for that matter (2) Preventative Software (3) Perfective Software Maintenance (4) Adaptive Software Maintenance.

**Development:-**

* **What are the key differences between web and desktop applications?**

The primary difference between web and desktop applications is that web applications are accessed through a web browser and require an internet connection to run, while desktop applications are installed directly on a user's computer and can function offline.

**Web Application:-**

* **What are the advantages of using web applications over desktop applications?**

A web application is a software program that runs on a remote [server](https://www.ramotion.com/blog/what-is-a-web-server/) and is accessed via a web browser over the internet or an intranet. Web apps don't require any downloads or installations on the client side while A desktop application is software that is downloaded and installed directly onto a user's computer rather than running remotely over the web. Due to Accessible from anywhere with an internet connection Works across different platforms and devices Scalable and flexible hosting options of web applications are using over desktop applications.

**Designing:-**

* **What role does UI/UX design play in application development?**

UI/UX Design, referred to as “User Interface/User Experience design,” has become very important in the field of application design focusing on creating a visual interface and improving the experience of the user. The role of a UI/UX designer is to ensure that the application, or software is user-friendly and visually appealing for the user.

**Mobile Application:-**

* **What are the differences between native and hybrid mobile apps?**

Native apps are built for a specific operating system, while hybrid apps are built to work across multiple operating systems. Hybrid apps are a combination of native and web apps.  Native apps are more flexible in terms of functionality, but they can be more expensive and time-consuming to develop.

**DFD (Data Flow Diagram):-**

* **What is the significance of DFDs in system analysis?**

A Data Flow Diagram (DFD) is significant in system analysis because it provides a visual representation of how data moves through a system, allowing analysts to easily understand the relationships between different processes, identify potential bottlenecks, and effectively communicate system design to stakeholders.

**Desktop Application:-**

* **What are the pros and cons of desktop applications compared to webapplications?**

Desktop applications generally offer better performance, offline capabilities, and potentially enhanced security compared to web applications, which are more accessible from any device with an internet connection, are easier to update, and often require less installation effort

**Flow Chart:-**

* **How do flowcharts help in programming and system design?**

Flowcharts aid in programming and system design by providing a visual representation of a program's logic, allowing developers to easily plan the sequence of steps, identify decision points, and visualize data flow, which helps in understanding complex algorithms, debugging issues, and communicating the program structure to other team members before writing actual code.